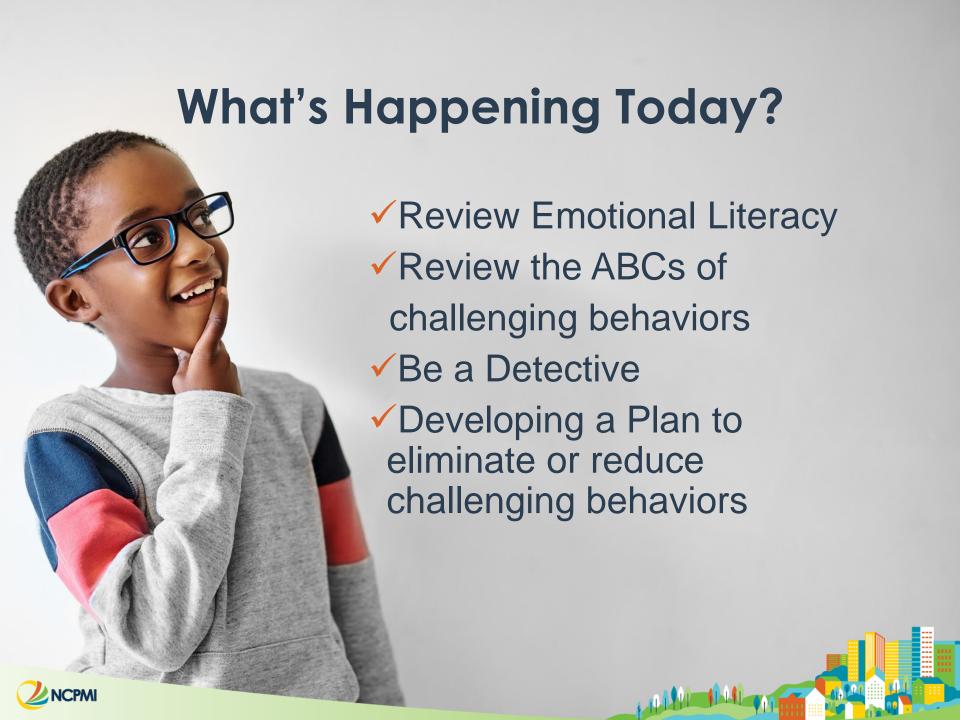


Session 7: Putting It All Together With a Plan





Emotional Literacy

- Teaching children to manage and regulate their feelings evolves from
 - Recognizing their feelings and the feelings of others
- What we want them to understand
 - Feelings changeover the minute, hour, day, lifetime
- When feelings are overwhelming:
 - They can do something to manage the upset





When Feelings Overwhelm

- √ Teach a strategy Tucker Turtle
 - ✓ Feel the frustration (anger, disappointment, frustration
 - ✓ Stop your hands and feet
 - √Go into your shell
 - √ Take deep breaths
 - √Think, think, think of the problem
 - √ Think of a solution
 - ✓ Decide if it is a good solution
 - √Try your solutions



Challenging Behavior: What We Know

- Happens when children lack language or social skills
- Happens when children are stressed (tired, hungry, ill, different expectations)
- Challenging behavior works





Behavior Can Mean Many Things



"I want you to pay attention to me."



"I want that (toy, food, paint, etc.)."



"I want to play with you."



"I don't want to stop what I am doing."



"I don't want to clean up!"





ABC

B – Behavior

 A – Antecedent or What happened before the behavior

C – Consequence -What happened after





Developing a Plan

Three Essential Parts

Prevent

 Use prevention strategies to keep challenging behavior from happening.

Teach

 Teach your child new ways to communicate or new skills for participating in routines or expectations.

Responses or Reinforcers

- New responses to make sure that your child's challenging behavior does not work for them.
- Reinforcers to strengthen behaviors you want.







Your child doesn't like to sleep (or nap) or is not tired.

Prevent the Behavior

- Use a book! Find a children's book on this topic or make your own using photos. Read the book to your child often and prior to the sleep routine. Point out the steps in the sleep routine while you read the book.
- ▶ Set a timer, and let child know when it goes off, nap time is over.
- ▶ Allow child to use a favorite sleep item (e.g., stuffed animal, pillow, blanket).
- ▶ Give child alternative quiet activities (e.g., reading a book, color, squish ball) to do if not tired.
- ▶ Use first-then visual or verbal cue: first sleep; then___.
- Schedule a fun activity after sleep and use stories or first-then statements ("First sleep, then cartoons in the morning.") to remind your child of the schedule prior to sleep time.
- Try to darken the room or your child's sleep area.
- ▶ Keep your child's room at a comfortable temperature (e.g., not too hot or too cold).
- Keep the bedroom clutter free and limited of distractions.
- ▶ When quiet, lying down, and covered, offer to rub back for a short period of time, then leave for a minute or two. While your child is still lying down and quiet, return again to rub their back; do this intermittently.
- ▶ Allow child to look at a book or to do a quiet activity while staying in bed for nap or sleep.
- Play soothing music.
- Avoid technology (e.g., television, iPad, phone) at least an hour before the scheduled bedtime or nap time. Too much exposure to blue light can affect children's natural sleep rhythms.
- ► Keep bedtime consistent even through the weekend.
- ▶ Your child might not need naps any longer, maybe just to go to bed a bit earlier at nighttime.
- Praise for resting quietly.

Respond

- Remind child of favorite or fun activity that comes next.
- ➤ Tell your child, "First, rest quietly; then I will rub your back." Wait for child to quiet. This will not reinforce problem behavior if your child is quiet.
- Validate feelings, and offer alternative, "I know this is hard. You want to play, but it is time to rest. You can lie down, and when you are quiet, I will sit with you, or you can look at a book."
- Offer child choice of alternate quiet activity (e.g., stuffed animal, book, color, squish ball). Say, "First rest quietly; then you can ____ or ___."

Teach New Skills

- ➤ Teach your child to stay in bed and sleep.
- Teach your child to ask to have back rubbed.
- ► Teach your child to make a choice of a quiet activity.
- Teach your child how to use a first, then visual (if using this strategy).

Prevention

Minimize the possibility that your child will have challenging behavior



Teach New Skills

- Ask for a turn
- Ask for an object
- Ask for an activity
- Ask for help
- Ask for a hug

- Ask to leave
- Say, "No"
- Say, "I don't want to"
- Make a choice
- Follow a schedule





Strategies for Teaching New Skills

- 1. Prompt or model for your child what you want them to do (e.g., "Say, I want a turn.")
- 2. Practice Makes Perfect! Practice multiple times a day, especially when the child is not having challenging behavior.
- 3. Provide praise or reinforcement for your child's efforts and success.





New Responses:

How Do I Respond When Challenging Behavior Occurs?

- Say to your child, "You can use your words to tell me ____ or show me ____."
- Then give you child what they want.
- Sometimes we can't let children have what they want.
 - Validate emotions, restate rule, and follow with a choice.
 - "You must sit in your car seat, but you can hold your bear or hold your blankie."



- Consistency is Key
- Praise is key





Setting up Routine

- Have a clear start and finish.
- Teach your child the steps of the routine.
- Follow the steps of the routine consistently.
- When changes happen, prepare your child ahead of time.
- Use visuals.
- Provide positive feedback and encouragement.





Help Your Child Think of Possible Solutions

- Get an adult
- Ask nicely
- Ignore
- Play
- Say, "Please stop"
- Say, "Please"
- Share
- Trade toys/item
- Wait and take turns



Tips For Offering Choices

- Offer choice throughout day or when you anticipate challenging behavior
- 2. Only offer two choices
- 3. Options are reasonable and available
- Offer choice verbally (words) or visually (pictures or objects)
- 5. Honor the child's choice immediately





Consistency is Key









Affirmations



Statements that are encouraging and motivating



Help us feel strong



Help us feel optimistic about change

Make a note!

Reflect on the changes you have made or your efforts with your child.



Upcoming Workshops

• In May:

- Marital Relationships
- Child Abuse (Informative)
- Transition to Kindergarten (With Dianne)

In June:

- Using Storybooks to Teach Emotional Literacy
- Transition for Our Three Year Old to UPK (With Dianne)
- Enjoying Summer with Your families (With Dianne)





Thank you Sylvia for reminding our parents to join us for the workshops and for navigating us through the workshops.





Positive Solutions for Families-You Did It!





- For the families celebrating the Jewish holiday, We wish you a Joyous Passover!
 - For those whose celebrations have passed, Relax and enjoy your vacation!

Thank you so much for joining us for these seven workshops.

We'll see you soon!

